Board Exam Desk

Professional Teacher Reviewer

Education | LET | 120 original questions

2026 Edition | Updated November 2026

Practice General Education and Professional Education items for the LET.

Practice questions

Professional Education

1. Which type of assessment helps a teacher adjust instruction during a lesson?

A. Summative
B. Placement
C. Formative
D. Certification

2. Which example is a summative assessment?

A. A check for understanding halfway through a lesson
B. A final project graded at the end of a unit
C. A poll about prior knowledge
D. Feedback on a first draft

3. A teacher uses a short pretest to identify misconceptions before a unit. What is its main purpose?

A. Diagnostic
B. Summative
C. Certification
D. Grading participation

4. Which tool states the criteria for a project and describes levels of performance?

A. Attendance register
B. Analytic rubric
C. Answer sheet
D. Class timetable

5. Which task best assesses a student’s ability to present an argument orally?

A. Matching vocabulary words
B. Copying a model speech
C. Delivering an evidence-based presentation
D. Taking an attendance poll

6. What is an example of actionable feedback?

A. Try harder
B. Good job
C. This needs work
D. Add evidence from the text to support your second claim

7. Which result best illustrates assessment reliability?

A. Comparable scores when equivalent forms are used under similar conditions
B. A difficult test with many items
C. A test that takes an entire class period
D. A score that improves when the rubric is changed

8. A test intended to measure graph interpretation mostly asks for memorized definitions. Which quality is most at issue?

A. Timing
B. Validity
C. Scoring speed
D. Paper size

54. A 9-year-old says the amount of juice stays the same after it is poured from a short, wide glass into a tall, narrow one. According to Piaget, the child is most likely in which stage?

A. Sensorimotor
B. Preoperational
C. Concrete operational
D. Formal operational

55. An infant searches under a blanket for a toy she saw being hidden there. Which cognitive achievement does this show?

A. Conservation
B. Object permanence
C. Hypothetical reasoning
D. Reversibility

56. A 4-year-old covers his own eyes during hide-and-seek and believes no one can see him. This reflects which characteristic of preoperational thought?

A. Seriation
B. Abstract reasoning
C. Decentration
D. Egocentrism

57. According to Erikson, the central psychosocial task of adolescence is resolving

A. trust versus mistrust
B. identity versus role confusion
C. initiative versus guilt
D. generativity versus stagnation

58. A Grade 4 pupil stops trying in class because she believes her work is never as good as her classmates'. In Erikson's theory, she is struggling with

A. industry versus inferiority
B. autonomy versus shame and doubt
C. intimacy versus isolation
D. integrity versus despair

59. A student says he finished his homework only because he did not want to be scolded. In Kohlberg's theory, this reasoning belongs to which level?

A. Conventional
B. Preconventional
C. Postconventional
D. Universal ethical

60. A pupil returns a lost wallet mainly so that her teacher and classmates will think she is a good person. Which Kohlberg level does this reasoning reflect?

A. Preconventional
B. Postconventional
C. Sensorimotor
D. Conventional

61. In Vygotsky's theory, the zone of proximal development refers to tasks that a learner

A. has already mastered without any help
B. can accomplish only with guidance from a more capable person
C. cannot learn regardless of support given
D. learns through rewards and punishments

62. A teacher models how to solve a word problem, then solves the next one with the class, and finally lets students work alone. This gradual withdrawal of support is called

A. shaping
B. scaffolding
C. chunking
D. tracking

63. In Bronfenbrenner's ecological systems theory, the interaction between a child's parents and teachers belongs to the

A. microsystem
B. mesosystem
C. exosystem
D. macrosystem

64. A student understands lessons best when he can build models, act out scenes, or move around. Which of Gardner's intelligences is most evident?

A. Logical-mathematical
B. Intrapersonal
C. Bodily-kinesthetic
D. Naturalist

65. A 14-year-old refuses to go to school because she is sure everyone will stare at a small pimple on her face. Elkind would call this

A. the personal fable
B. object permanence
C. the imaginary audience
D. learned helplessness

66. A pupil who comes to school without breakfast cannot focus on the lesson. Based on Maslow's hierarchy, which need must be addressed first?

A. Physiological
B. Esteem
C. Self-actualization
D. Belongingness

67. After being repeatedly embarrassed during board work, a student now feels anxious whenever she enters the mathematics room. This is best explained by

A. operant conditioning
B. classical conditioning
C. observational learning
D. insight learning

68. A teacher announces that students who complete all their activities will be excused from Friday's quiz, and task completion rises. This is an example of

A. positive punishment
B. negative punishment
C. extinction
D. negative reinforcement

69. Several students start keeping neat notebooks after seeing a classmate praised for hers. Which concept from Bandura's theory explains this?

A. Classical conditioning
B. Vicarious reinforcement
C. Primary reinforcement
D. Spontaneous recovery

70. A student remembers an 11-digit phone number by grouping it into 4-3-4 digits. Which memory strategy is she using?

A. Rehearsal of meaning
B. Chunking
C. Interference
D. Decay

71. Before a lesson on ecosystems, a teacher presents a concept map that links the new ideas to what students already know. Ausubel would call this an

A. operant reinforcer
B. performance task
C. advance organizer
D. affective objective

72. A science teacher gives students magnets and various objects and lets them figure out which materials are attracted. This approach is most closely associated with

A. Skinner's programmed instruction
B. Bruner's discovery learning
C. Pavlov's classical conditioning
D. Thorndike's law of exercise

73. While reading, a student pauses and asks herself, 'Do I really understand this paragraph?' before rereading it. This illustrates

A. metacognition
B. rote learning
C. overlearning
D. retroactive interference

74. Which situation best shows intrinsic motivation?

A. A student reads astronomy books because she finds the topic fascinating.
B. A student studies to earn a cash prize from his parents.
C. A student finishes tasks to avoid being scolded by the teacher.
D. A student joins a contest mainly to receive a certificate.

75. Based on Weiner's attribution theory, which explanation for a low test score is most likely to lead a student to try harder next time?

A. I did not study enough for this test.
B. I am simply not smart in this subject.
C. The test was unfairly difficult.
D. I was unlucky with the questions.

76. Constructivism holds that learners

A. passively absorb knowledge transmitted by the teacher
B. build their own understanding through experience and reflection
C. learn best through repetition of correct responses
D. develop only when externally rewarded

77. In Tyler's rationale for curriculum development, which question is addressed first?

A. How should learning experiences be organized?
B. How can the effectiveness of experiences be evaluated?
C. Which textbooks should be purchased?
D. What educational purposes should the school seek to attain?

78. Students learn to value punctuality and waiting their turn through daily school routines even though these are not written in any lesson plan. This is an example of the

A. null curriculum
B. written curriculum
C. hidden curriculum
D. recommended curriculum

79. In the K to 12 curriculum, topics such as fractions are revisited in later grades with increasing depth and complexity. This design is called

A. spiral progression
B. subject-centered isolation
C. linear acceleration
D. core-elective tracking

80. In Wiggins and McTighe's Understanding by Design, what is the first stage of planning?

A. Plan the learning activities
B. Select the instructional materials
C. Prepare the seating arrangement
D. Identify the desired results

81. A department ensures that Grade 7 science content prepares students for what they will study in Grade 8. This concern is called

A. horizontal articulation
B. vertical articulation
C. scope reduction
D. content enrichment

82. In a class of 50, 30 students answered a test item correctly. What is the item's difficulty index?

A. 0.60
B. 0.30
C. 0.40
D. 0.50

83. In item analysis, 16 of 20 students in the upper group and 6 of 20 in the lower group answered an item correctly. What is the discrimination index?

A. 0.22
B. 0.40
C. 0.50
D. 0.55

84. More students from the lower-scoring group than from the upper-scoring group answered a particular item correctly. What should the teacher do with the item?

A. Revise or discard it because it discriminates negatively
B. Keep it because it is a very good item
C. Give it double weight in the next test
D. Use it only for the upper group

85. On a test, most students obtained low scores and only a few scored high. The score distribution is

A. negatively skewed, suggesting an easy test
B. normal, suggesting an appropriate test
C. bimodal, suggesting two equal groups
D. positively skewed, suggesting a difficult test

86. Section A and Section B have the same mean score, but Section A has a much smaller standard deviation. What does this indicate?

A. Section A performed better overall.
B. Section A's test was more difficult.
C. Section A has more students.
D. Section A's scores are more homogeneous.

87. A learner has a percentile rank of 85 on a test. What does this mean?

A. The learner answered 85 percent of the items correctly
B. The learner's raw score is 85 points
C. Only 85 learners took the test
D. 85 percent of the group scored at or below the learner's score

88. On a test with a mean of 70 and a standard deviation of 5, what is the z-score of a student who scored 80?

A. 1.0
B. 1.5
C. 2.0
D. 10.0

89. A teacher decides that a student passes if he answers at least 80 percent of the items on the learning targets correctly, regardless of how classmates perform. This is

A. norm-referenced interpretation
B. ipsative grading
C. criterion-referenced interpretation
D. grading on the curve

90. Which learning task belongs to the highest level of the revised Bloom's taxonomy?

A. Explain the steps of photosynthesis in your own words
B. Identify the parts of a leaf in a diagram
C. Compute the average height of the plants
D. Design an experiment to test the effect of light on plant growth

91. Students are asked to judge which of two proposed waste-management plans is more practical and to justify their choice. Which level of the revised Bloom's taxonomy does this target?

A. Remembering
B. Understanding
C. Applying
D. Evaluating

92. A teacher prepares a table of specifications before writing a unit test. What is its main purpose?

A. To compute the reliability coefficient of the test
B. To rank students from highest to lowest
C. To determine the passing score
D. To ensure the test samples the content and skills taught in proper proportion

93. Which is a sound guideline for writing multiple-choice items?

A. Make the correct option noticeably longer than the rest.
B. Use 'all of the above' as often as possible.
C. Make all options grammatically consistent with the stem.
D. Include negative wording in most stems.

94. A writing teacher collects each student's drafts from the first to the last month of the term to show how their writing improved. This is best described as a

A. showcase portfolio
B. development or growth portfolio
C. standardized test
D. anecdotal record

95. Which assessment task is the most authentic for a unit on budgeting?

A. Planning a family's weekly market budget using actual store prices
B. Defining the terms income and expense
C. Answering true-or-false items about savings
D. Matching money terms with their meanings

96. A teacher shows several examples of mammals and asks students to identify the features they share before stating the definition. This is the

A. deductive method
B. lecture method
C. inductive method
D. expository method

97. After asking a higher-order question, a teacher waits a few seconds before calling on anyone. This practice usually results in

A. fewer students volunteering to answer
B. loss of control of the class
C. lower-level recall answers
D. longer and more thoughtful student responses

98. In a cooperative learning activity, each group member studies one section of a topic, meets with members from other groups who studied the same section, and then teaches it to the home group. This strategy is called

A. Think-pair-share
B. Jigsaw
C. Round robin
D. Fishbowl

99. A teacher gives the same learning goal but prepares three versions of a task with different levels of complexity according to students' readiness. This practice is

A. tracking by ability for the whole year
B. standardized instruction
C. differentiated instruction
D. rote drilling

100. Which question will most likely promote higher-order thinking?

A. Who is the main character of the story?
B. Where did the story take place?
C. What is the title of the story?
D. How might the story change if it were told from the villain's point of view?

101. A teacher who notices a student passing notes at the back while helping a group in front is displaying what Kounin called

A. overlapping
B. withitness
C. momentum
D. smoothness

102. Students who fail a unit test receive corrective activities and another chance to show mastery before moving on. This reflects

A. mastery learning
B. norm-referenced grading
C. programmed punishment
D. single-shot testing

103. Which is the best-stated behavioral objective?

A. Students will understand the importance of rivers.
B. Given a map, students will locate five major rivers of Luzon without error.
C. Students will appreciate the beauty of Philippine rivers.
D. Students will learn about the rivers of Luzon.

104. According to Dale's Cone of Experience, which experience is the most concrete?

A. Verbal symbols
B. Visual symbols
C. Direct, purposeful experiences
D. Recordings and still pictures

105. The TPACK framework describes effective technology integration as the intersection of which three types of knowledge?

A. Technological, pedagogical and content knowledge
B. Theoretical, practical and cultural knowledge
C. Technical, personal and academic knowledge
D. Testing, planning and assessment knowledge

106. Students type their essays in a word processor instead of handwriting them, with no other change to the task. In the SAMR model, this is

A. substitution
B. augmentation
C. modification
D. redefinition

107. Which law is known as the Intellectual Property Code of the Philippines, which teachers should consider when reproducing materials?

A. Republic Act No. 8293
B. Republic Act No. 7836
C. Republic Act No. 10533
D. Republic Act No. 4670

108. Republic Act No. 7836 is also known as the

A. Magna Carta for Public School Teachers
B. Enhanced Basic Education Act of 2013
C. Philippine Teachers Professionalization Act of 1994
D. Governance of Basic Education Act of 2001

109. Which law amended RA 7836, including provisions on the qualifications of applicants for the licensure examination for teachers?

A. Republic Act No. 9293
B. Republic Act No. 9155
C. Republic Act No. 10157
D. Republic Act No. 7610

110. Under RA 7836, which body is directly responsible for supervising and regulating the licensing of professional teachers?

A. The Department of Education regional offices
B. The Commission on Higher Education
C. The Board for Professional Teachers under the PRC
D. The Civil Service Commission

111. Republic Act No. 4670, enacted in 1966, is known as the

A. Teachers Professionalization Act
B. Magna Carta for Public School Teachers
C. Education Act of 1982
D. Kindergarten Education Act

112. During the grading period, a parent gives a teacher an expensive gift and hints that her child's grade 'needs a little help.' What is the most ethical response?

A. Politely decline the gift and grade the child solely on performance
B. Accept the gift but grade the child fairly anyway
C. Accept the gift and add a few points to be kind
D. Report the parent on social media as a warning

113. A teacher posts on social media about a student's family problems and low grades without naming the school. Which ethical principle is violated?

A. The teacher's right to free expression
B. The duty to report to the parents
C. Respect for the learner's confidentiality and privacy
D. The obligation to pursue professional growth

114. A licensed teacher regularly attends trainings and enrolls in graduate studies to improve her teaching. This best reflects her

A. obligation to support a political party
B. duty to collect school fees
C. right to demand a promotion
D. commitment to continuing professional growth

115. A visually impaired learner takes the same test as classmates but in large print and with extra time. This is best described as an

A. accommodation
B. modification
C. exclusion
D. acceleration

116. Which practice best reflects inclusive education?

A. Learners with disabilities learn alongside peers in regular classes with needed supports.
B. Learners with disabilities are always taught in separate buildings.
C. Learners with disabilities are admitted only if they need no support.
D. Learners with disabilities are given the same lesson with no adjustments.

117. A teacher presents a lesson through text, diagrams and a short video, and lets students show learning through an essay, a poster or an oral report. This applies

A. norm-referenced testing
B. ability grouping
C. programmed instruction
D. Universal Design for Learning

118. Which law institutionalized the K to 12 Basic Education Program in the Philippines?

A. Republic Act No. 9155
B. Republic Act No. 10533
C. Republic Act No. 7836
D. Republic Act No. 8293

119. Under the K to 12 Basic Education Program, how many years does Senior High School cover?

A. Two years
B. One year
C. Three years
D. Four years

120. A pupil keeps disrupting class. Consistent with the DepEd Child Protection Policy, which response is most appropriate?

A. Make the pupil stand in the sun during recess
B. Talk with the pupil privately and apply positive discipline measures
C. Shout at the pupil in front of the class
D. Pinch the pupil's ear as a warning

General Education

9. Choose the verb that correctly completes the sentence: Neither the principal nor the teachers ___ attending the district seminar.

A. is
B. was
C. are
D. has been

10. In the sentence 'The speaker's reply was so terse that the audience asked for more detail,' the word terse most nearly means

A. rude and offensive
B. vague and confusing
C. long and repetitive
D. brief and to the point

11. 'After the bell rang, the canteen became a beehive of activity.' Which figure of speech is used?

A. Simile
B. Personification
C. Metaphor
D. Hyperbole

12. Which sentence uses pronouns correctly?

A. Between you and I, the quiz was easy.
B. Him and I finished the quiz early.
C. Us students found the quiz easy.
D. Between you and me, the quiz was easy.

13. Choose the correct verb: Each of the Grade 10 students ___ a tablet for the online quiz.

A. has
B. have
C. are having
D. were given each

14. Read the passage: 'Mangrove forests weaken storm waves before they reach coastal villages, yet many were cleared for fishponds. Replanting them costs far less than building seawalls of the same length.' What is the main idea?

A. Fishponds are more profitable than mangrove forests.
B. Seawalls are the best protection against storm waves.
C. Mangroves are a low-cost natural defense worth restoring.
D. Coastal villages should move farther inland.

15. Which word is the antonym of meticulous?

A. Thorough
B. Careless
C. Precise
D. Deliberate

16. Ano ang kasingkahulugan ng salitang marilag sa pangungusap na 'Marilag ang tanawin mula sa tuktok ng bundok'?

A. nakakatakot tingnan
B. kahanga-hanga sa ganda
C. madilim at malamig
D. maingay at magulo

17. Anong uri ng pangungusap ayon sa gamit ang 'Naku, nahulog ang bata sa hagdan!'?

A. Padamdam
B. Pasalaysay
C. Patanong
D. Pautos

18. Ano ang ibig sabihin ng idyomang ningas-kugon?

A. Matiyaga hanggang matapos ang gawain
B. Mabilis magalit sa maliit na bagay
C. Mahilig mangako ngunit hindi tumutupad
D. Masigla sa simula ngunit madaling sumuko

19. Sino ang sumulat ng awit na Florante at Laura?

A. Francisco Balagtas
B. Jose Rizal
C. Andres Bonifacio
D. Lope K. Santos

20. A school uniform priced at 800 pesos is sold at a 15% discount. What is the selling price?

A. 650 pesos
B. 685 pesos
C. 680 pesos
D. 720 pesos

21. A student's quiz scores are 82, 90, 75, 88 and 85. What is the mean score?

A. 84
B. 83
C. 85
D. 86

22. What is the median of the data set 7, 3, 9, 12, 5, 10?

A. 7
B. 9
C. 8
D. 7.5

23. Solve for x: 3x - 7 = 2x + 5.

A. 2
B. 7
C. 13
D. 12

24. The ratio of boys to girls in a class of 40 is 3:5. How many girls are in the class?

A. 15
B. 25
C. 24
D. 30

25. Using pi = 22/7, what is the area of a circle with a radius of 7 cm?

A. 44 square cm
B. 154 square cm
C. 49 square cm
D. 308 square cm

26. Two fair dice are rolled. What is the probability that the sum is 7?

A. 1/6
B. 1/12
C. 7/36
D. 1/36

27. A teacher deposits 20,000 pesos at 6% simple interest per year. How much interest is earned after 3 years?

A. 1,200 pesos
B. 3,000 pesos
C. 3,600 pesos
D. 3,820 pesos

28. Ana can paint a classroom wall in 6 hours and Ben can paint it in 3 hours. Working together, how long will they take?

A. 4.5 hours
B. 3 hours
C. 1.5 hours
D. 2 hours

29. What is the next term in the sequence 2, 6, 18, 54, ...?

A. 162
B. 108
C. 72
D. 216

30. A right triangle has legs measuring 9 cm and 12 cm. How long is the hypotenuse?

A. 21 cm
B. 16 cm
C. 15 cm
D. 13 cm

31. Which organelle is the main site of cellular respiration, where most of a cell's ATP is produced?

A. Mitochondrion
B. Ribosome
C. Chloroplast
D. Golgi apparatus

32. A net force of 20 N acts on a 5 kg cart. What is the cart's acceleration?

A. 100 m/s squared
B. 0.25 m/s squared
C. 15 m/s squared
D. 4 m/s squared

33. In which layer of the atmosphere is most of the ozone layer found?

A. Troposphere
B. Mesosphere
C. Thermosphere
D. Stratosphere

34. Two heterozygous tall pea plants (Tt x Tt) are crossed. What phenotypic ratio is expected among the offspring?

A. 1 tall : 1 short
B. 3 tall : 1 short
C. 1 tall : 2 medium : 1 short
D. All tall

35. The Philippines' location along the Pacific Ring of Fire best explains its frequent

A. earthquakes and volcanic eruptions
B. droughts and heat waves
C. tsunamis caused by meteors
D. snowfall in mountain areas

36. Which of the following is a chemical change?

A. Melting an ice cube
B. Dissolving sugar in water
C. Cutting paper into strips
D. Burning a piece of wood

37. What is the pH of a neutral solution at 25 degrees Celsius?

A. 0
B. 7
C. 1
D. 14

38. Who served as President of the Commonwealth of the Philippines when it was inaugurated in 1935?

A. Emilio Aguinaldo
B. Sergio Osmena
C. Manuel Roxas
D. Manuel L. Quezon

39. Under the 1987 Constitution, what is the term of office of the President of the Philippines?

A. Six years, with no reelection
B. Four years, with one reelection
C. Six years, with one reelection
D. Five years, with no reelection

40. Under the 1987 Constitution, a senator may serve for no more than how many consecutive terms?

A. One
B. Three
C. Two
D. Four

41. Under the 1987 Constitution, which body has the sole power to declare the existence of a state of war?

A. The President
B. The Supreme Court
C. Congress
D. The Department of National Defense

42. The 1987 Constitution directs the State to assign the highest budgetary priority to which sector?

A. National defense
B. Public works
C. Health
D. Education

43. Which revolutionary leader is most closely associated with founding the Katipunan in 1892?

A. Jose Rizal
B. Apolinario Mabini
C. Andres Bonifacio
D. Marcelo H. del Pilar

44. On what date was Philippine independence proclaimed in Kawit, Cavite?

A. June 12, 1898
B. July 4, 1946
C. August 23, 1896
D. February 4, 1899

45. The 1986 EDSA People Power Revolution ended the presidency of

A. Diosdado Macapagal
B. Ramon Magsaysay
C. Elpidio Quirino
D. Ferdinand E. Marcos

46. When the price of rice rises and, all other factors held constant, households buy less rice, this illustrates the

A. law of supply
B. law of demand
C. law of diminishing returns
D. principle of comparative advantage

47. Which file extension usually identifies a spreadsheet created in Microsoft Excel?

A. .docx
B. .xlsx
C. .pptx
D. .mp3

48. A teacher receives an email asking her to click a link and enter her school account password to 'avoid suspension.' This is an example of

A. a firewall
B. cloud storage
C. phishing
D. data encryption

49. Which spreadsheet formula correctly computes the average of the values in cells B2 to B10?

A. =SUM(B2:B10)/10
B. =MEAN(B2:B10)
C. =AVERAGE(B2:B10)
D. =AVG(B2,B10)

50. A poem of fourteen lines that follows a fixed rhyme scheme is called a

A. haiku
B. limerick
C. sonnet
D. ballad

51. 'Lina packed her umbrella, glanced at the dark sky, and then added a raincoat to her bag.' What can be inferred?

A. She dislikes carrying umbrellas.
B. She is going to the beach.
C. She forgot to check the forecast.
D. She expects heavy rain later.

52. Which sentence is written in the passive voice?

A. The committee submitted the report.
B. The committee is reviewing the report.
C. The committee will submit the report soon.
D. The report was submitted by the committee.

53. Which word is spelled correctly?

A. acommodate
B. accomodate
C. acomodate
D. accommodate

Answer key

Professional Teacher

1. C. Formative

Formative assessment provides evidence during instruction so the teacher can adjust the lesson.

2. B. A final project graded at the end of a unit

Summative assessment evaluates what learners achieved by the end of an instructional period.

3. A. Diagnostic

Diagnostic assessment identifies prior knowledge and gaps before instruction begins.

4. B. Analytic rubric

An analytic rubric defines criteria and describes levels separately for each criterion.

5. C. Delivering an evidence-based presentation

A performance task lets students demonstrate oral argument directly.

6. D. Add evidence from the text to support your second claim

Actionable feedback identifies a specific next step tied to the learning goal.

7. A. Comparable scores when equivalent forms are used under similar conditions

Reliability concerns consistency of measurement under comparable conditions.

8. B. Validity

The task does not adequately support the intended interpretation about graph-reading ability.

9. C. are

With neither...nor, the verb agrees with the nearer subject, and the plural noun teachers takes are.

10. D. brief and to the point

Terse describes speech or writing that uses few words, which is why the audience wanted more detail.

11. C. Metaphor

The canteen is directly called a beehive without using like or as, which makes it a metaphor.

12. D. Between you and me, the quiz was easy.

The object of a preposition such as between takes the objective case, so me is correct.

13. A. has

Each is singular, so it takes the singular verb has regardless of the plural noun in the phrase that follows.

14. C. Mangroves are a low-cost natural defense worth restoring.

The passage stresses that mangroves protect villages and are cheaper to restore than seawalls, so restoring them is the central point.

15. B. Careless

Meticulous means showing great attention to detail, so careless is its opposite.

16. B. kahanga-hanga sa ganda

Ang marilag ay nangangahulugang maganda at kahanga-hanga, kaya ito ang angkop sa paglalarawan ng tanawin.

17. A. Padamdam

Nagpapahayag ito ng matinding damdamin at nagtatapos sa tandang padamdam, kaya ito ay pangungusap na padamdam.

18. D. Masigla sa simula ngunit madaling sumuko

Tulad ng kugon na mabilis magliyab at agad ding namamatay, inilalarawan nito ang sigla sa simula na hindi napapanatili.

19. A. Francisco Balagtas

Ang Florante at Laura ay obra maestra ni Francisco Balagtas na nalathala noong ika-19 na siglo.

20. C. 680 pesos

The discount is 0.15 x 800 = 120 pesos, so the selling price is 800 - 120 = 680 pesos.

21. A. 84

The sum is 420 and 420 divided by 5 is 84.

22. C. 8

Arranged in order (3, 5, 7, 9, 10, 12), the two middle values are 7 and 9, whose average is 8.

23. D. 12

Subtracting 2x from both sides gives x - 7 = 5, so x = 12.

24. B. 25

There are 3 + 5 = 8 parts, each part is 40 / 8 = 5 learners, so girls = 5 x 5 = 25.

25. B. 154 square cm

Area = pi r squared = (22/7)(49) = 154 square cm.

26. A. 1/6

Six of the 36 equally likely outcomes give a sum of 7, and 6/36 = 1/6.

27. C. 3,600 pesos

Simple interest = principal x rate x time = 20,000 x 0.06 x 3 = 3,600 pesos.

28. D. 2 hours

Their combined rate is 1/6 + 1/3 = 1/2 wall per hour, so the job takes 2 hours.

29. A. 162

Each term is multiplied by 3, so the next term is 54 x 3 = 162.

30. C. 15 cm

By the Pythagorean theorem, the hypotenuse is the square root of 81 + 144 = 225, which is 15 cm.

31. A. Mitochondrion

The mitochondrion carries out aerobic respiration and produces most of the cell's ATP.

32. D. 4 m/s squared

By Newton's second law, a = F/m = 20 N / 5 kg = 4 m/s squared.

33. D. Stratosphere

Most atmospheric ozone is concentrated in the stratosphere, where it absorbs much of the sun's ultraviolet radiation.

34. B. 3 tall : 1 short

The cross yields TT, Tt, Tt and tt; with tall dominant, three of four offspring are tall.

35. A. earthquakes and volcanic eruptions

The Ring of Fire is a zone of converging tectonic plates, which produces many earthquakes and active volcanoes.

36. D. Burning a piece of wood

Burning produces new substances such as ash, carbon dioxide and water vapor, which marks a chemical change.

37. B. 7

At 25 degrees Celsius, a neutral solution has equal hydrogen and hydroxide ion concentrations, giving a pH of 7.

38. D. Manuel L. Quezon

Manuel L. Quezon was elected and inaugurated as the first President of the Commonwealth in November 1935.

39. A. Six years, with no reelection

Article VII provides a single six-year term and bars the President from any reelection.

40. C. Two

Article VI sets a six-year term for senators and limits them to two consecutive terms.

41. C. Congress

Article VI gives Congress, by a two-thirds vote of both Houses in joint session voting separately, the sole power to declare a state of war.

42. D. Education

Article XIV, Section 5 states that the State shall assign the highest budgetary priority to education.

43. C. Andres Bonifacio

Andres Bonifacio was among the founders of the Katipunan in July 1892 and later became its Supremo.

44. A. June 12, 1898

Emilio Aguinaldo proclaimed independence from Spain at his house in Kawit on June 12, 1898.

45. D. Ferdinand E. Marcos

The February 1986 EDSA uprising led to the departure of Ferdinand E. Marcos and the assumption of Corazon Aquino.

46. B. law of demand

The law of demand states that quantity demanded falls as price rises, other things being equal.

47. B. .xlsx

The .xlsx extension is the standard format for Excel workbooks.

48. C. phishing

Phishing uses deceptive messages to trick people into revealing passwords or other sensitive information.

49. C. =AVERAGE(B2:B10)

AVERAGE over the range B2:B10 averages all nine cells; dividing the sum by 10 would be wrong because there are only nine cells.

50. C. sonnet

A sonnet has fourteen lines and a set rhyme scheme, such as the Petrarchan or Shakespearean pattern.

51. D. She expects heavy rain later.

Adding a raincoat after seeing dark clouds suggests she expects rain strong enough that an umbrella alone may not suffice.

52. D. The report was submitted by the committee.

In the passive voice the receiver of the action (the report) is the subject and the doer appears in a by-phrase.

53. D. accommodate

Accommodate is spelled with a double c and a double m.

54. C. Concrete operational

Understanding conservation of liquid quantity is a hallmark of the concrete operational stage, roughly ages 7 to 11.

55. B. Object permanence

Knowing that objects continue to exist when out of sight is object permanence, which develops in Piaget's sensorimotor stage.

56. D. Egocentrism

Preoperational children often cannot take another person's perspective, which Piaget called egocentrism.

57. B. identity versus role confusion

Erikson described adolescence as the period when young people form a coherent sense of who they are.

58. A. industry versus inferiority

In the school-age years, children who feel incompetent compared with peers risk developing a sense of inferiority instead of industry.

59. B. Preconventional

Reasoning based on avoiding punishment is characteristic of Kohlberg's preconventional level.

60. D. Conventional

Seeking approval by being seen as good (the good boy or good girl orientation) is a stage within the conventional level.

61. B. can accomplish only with guidance from a more capable person

The ZPD is the gap between what a learner can do alone and what the learner can do with assistance.

62. B. scaffolding

Scaffolding provides temporary support that is reduced as the learner becomes more competent.

63. B. mesosystem

The mesosystem consists of connections between two or more microsystems, such as home and school.

64. C. Bodily-kinesthetic

Bodily-kinesthetic intelligence involves using the body skillfully and learning through movement and handling objects.

65. C. the imaginary audience

The imaginary audience is the adolescent belief that one is constantly being watched and judged by others.

66. A. Physiological

Maslow placed physiological needs such as food at the base; unmet basic needs make higher-level learning goals hard to pursue.

67. B. classical conditioning

A neutral stimulus (the room) became associated with an emotional response (anxiety), which is classical conditioning.

68. D. negative reinforcement

Removing an unpleasant consequence (the quiz) to increase a desired behavior is negative reinforcement.

69. B. Vicarious reinforcement

Learners become more likely to imitate a behavior they see rewarded in a model, which Bandura called vicarious reinforcement.

70. B. Chunking

Chunking groups items into meaningful units so that more information fits within the limited capacity of working memory.

71. C. advance organizer

An advance organizer is introductory material that helps learners relate new content to existing knowledge.

72. B. Bruner's discovery learning

Bruner advocated discovery learning, in which students find principles through active exploration.

73. A. metacognition

Metacognition is awareness and regulation of one's own thinking, including monitoring comprehension.

74. A. A student reads astronomy books because she finds the topic fascinating.

Intrinsic motivation comes from interest or enjoyment in the activity itself rather than from external rewards.

75. A. I did not study enough for this test.

Effort is internal, unstable and controllable, so attributing failure to low effort suggests that more effort can change the outcome.

76. B. build their own understanding through experience and reflection

Constructivist theory views learners as actively constructing knowledge by connecting new experiences to prior understanding.

77. D. What educational purposes should the school seek to attain?

Tyler's model begins by defining objectives, which then guide the selection, organization and evaluation of learning experiences.

78. C. hidden curriculum

The hidden curriculum refers to values and behaviors learned implicitly through school culture and routines.

79. A. spiral progression

A spiral curriculum, an idea associated with Bruner, returns to key concepts repeatedly at higher levels of complexity.

80. D. Identify the desired results

Backward design starts with desired results, then determines acceptable evidence, and only then plans learning experiences.

81. B. vertical articulation

Vertical articulation is the alignment of content and skills from one grade level to the next.

82. A. 0.60

The difficulty index is the proportion who answered correctly: 30 / 50 = 0.60.

83. C. 0.50

The discrimination index is (16 - 6) / 20 = 0.50.

84. A. Revise or discard it because it discriminates negatively

A negative discrimination index means the item favors low scorers, which signals a flaw such as an ambiguous key.

85. D. positively skewed, suggesting a difficult test

When scores pile up at the low end with a tail toward high scores, the distribution is positively skewed, typical of a hard test.

86. D. Section A's scores are more homogeneous.

A smaller standard deviation means scores cluster more closely around the mean, so the group is more homogeneous.

87. D. 85 percent of the group scored at or below the learner's score

A percentile rank tells the percentage of scores in the group that fall at or below a given score, not the percent correct.

88. C. 2.0

z = (80 - 70) / 5 = 2.0, meaning the score is two standard deviations above the mean.

89. C. criterion-referenced interpretation

Criterion-referenced interpretation compares performance with a fixed standard rather than with other learners.

90. D. Design an experiment to test the effect of light on plant growth

Designing an original experiment requires putting elements together into something new, which is the Create level.

91. D. Evaluating

Making and defending a judgment based on criteria is the Evaluating level.

92. D. To ensure the test samples the content and skills taught in proper proportion

A table of specifications maps items to objectives and content weights, which supports content validity.

93. C. Make all options grammatically consistent with the stem.

Grammatical inconsistencies can give away the answer, so all options should fit the stem equally well.

94. B. development or growth portfolio

A growth portfolio documents progress over time, while a showcase portfolio presents only a learner's best work.

95. A. Planning a family's weekly market budget using actual store prices

Authentic assessment asks learners to perform real-world tasks that apply what they have learned.

96. C. inductive method

The inductive method moves from specific examples to a general rule or concept.

97. D. longer and more thoughtful student responses

Increasing wait time gives students time to think, which tends to improve the quality and length of their answers.

98. B. Jigsaw

In Jigsaw, students become experts on one part and then teach it to their home group.

99. C. differentiated instruction

Differentiated instruction adjusts content, process or product to students' readiness while keeping the learning goal.

100. D. How might the story change if it were told from the villain's point of view?

Asking students to reimagine the narrative requires analysis and creative thinking rather than simple recall.

101. B. withitness

Withitness is a teacher's awareness of what is happening in all parts of the classroom at all times.

102. A. mastery learning

Mastery learning gives learners additional time and correctives until they reach a set level of mastery.

103. B. Given a map, students will locate five major rivers of Luzon without error.

It specifies the condition, an observable behavior and a measurable criterion.

104. C. Direct, purposeful experiences

Direct, purposeful experiences form the base of the cone and involve the learner most fully with the real thing.

105. A. Technological, pedagogical and content knowledge

TPACK stands for technological pedagogical content knowledge, the interplay of technology, pedagogy and subject matter.

106. A. substitution

Substitution uses technology as a direct replacement for a traditional tool without functional change.

107. A. Republic Act No. 8293

RA 8293 (1997) is the Intellectual Property Code, which includes copyright and fair use provisions.

108. C. Philippine Teachers Professionalization Act of 1994

RA 7836 professionalized teaching and created the Board for Professional Teachers and the licensure examination.

109. A. Republic Act No. 9293

RA 9293, enacted in 2004, amended certain sections of RA 7836, including the qualifications for the examination.

110. C. The Board for Professional Teachers under the PRC

RA 7836 created the Board for Professional Teachers, under the Professional Regulation Commission, to regulate the profession.

111. B. Magna Carta for Public School Teachers

RA 4670 sets out the rights, benefits and working conditions of public school teachers.

112. A. Politely decline the gift and grade the child solely on performance

The Code of Ethics for Professional Teachers bars accepting favors or gifts that could influence professional judgment, and grades must reflect performance.

113. C. Respect for the learner's confidentiality and privacy

Information about a learner's records and personal circumstances must be kept confidential and used only for legitimate professional purposes.

114. D. commitment to continuing professional growth

Professional teachers are expected to keep improving their knowledge and skills throughout their careers.

115. A. accommodation

An accommodation changes how a learner accesses or completes a task without changing what is being measured.

116. A. Learners with disabilities learn alongside peers in regular classes with needed supports.

Inclusive education places all learners in general education settings and provides the supports they need to participate.

117. D. Universal Design for Learning

UDL calls for multiple means of representation, engagement, and action and expression to reach diverse learners.

118. B. Republic Act No. 10533

RA 10533, the Enhanced Basic Education Act of 2013, established the K to 12 program.

119. A. Two years

K to 12 consists of kindergarten, six years of elementary, four years of junior high school and two years of senior high school.

120. B. Talk with the pupil privately and apply positive discipline measures

Child protection policies prohibit corporal and degrading punishment and call for positive, non-violent discipline.

Topics to review

• General education and reading comprehension

• Learning theories and learner development

• Classroom assessment and instructional planning

• Subject specialization and professional ethics

Online question banks and study resources

Licensure Examination for Teachers - OpenExamPrep (Question bank)

Educational Psychology - SUNY-hosted Pressbooks (Open textbook)

Official PRC board information

Current PRC exam programs

Independent study material prepared by Board Exam Desk.